

Revision Date: 02.12.2021

Product name: NOVAPOL® Polyethylene

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier: NOVAPOL® Polyethylene

Other means of identification

Common name(s), HDPE, HPLDPE, LDPE, LLDPE, LMDPE, MDPE Polyethylene resins, ethylene

synonym(s): polymers **SDS number:** NOVA-0029C

Recommended use and restriction on use

Recommended use: Thermoplastic resin extruded into film, sheet or molded into containers and other

shapes.

Restrictions on use: All uses other than the identified.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor Information

Manufacturer

Company Name: NOVA Chemicals

Address: P.O. Box 2518, Station M

Calgary, Alberta, Canada T2P 5C6

Telephone: Product Information: 1-412-490-4063

SDS Information Email: msdsemail@novachem.com

Emergency telephone number:

1-800-561-6682, 1-403-314-8767 (NOVA Chemicals) (24 hours) **Latin/South America:** +1 215 207 0061 (NCEC) (24 hours)

2. Hazard(s) identification

Hazard Classification

Not classified

Label Elements

Hazard Symbol: No symbol

Signal Word: No signal word.

Hazard Statement: not applicable

Precautionary Statements:

Prevention: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other

ignition sources. No smoking. Ground and bond container and receiving

equipment. Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting]

equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. [In

case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.

Response: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical

advice/attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/soap. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES:

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Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Storage: Store in accordance with local/regional/national regulations. Protect from

sunlight.

Disposal: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations. Refer to manufacturer or

supplier for information on recovery or recycling.

Other hazards which do not result in

GHS classification:

If small particles are generated during further processing, handling or by other means, may form combustible dust concentrations in air. Spilled

product may create a dangerous slipping hazard.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Composition Comments: The components are not hazardous or are below required disclosure limits.

4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first-aid measures

Inhalation: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing. Get medical advice/attention.

Skin Contact: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/soap. If skin irritation occurs: Get

medical advice/attention.

Eye contact: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical

advice/attention.

Ingestion: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical

advice/attention.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Symptoms: Thermal burns. Respiratory irritation. Mechanical irritation.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment: After adequate first aid, no further treatment is required unless symptoms

reappear. For more detailed medical emergency support information, call

1-800-561-6682 or 1-403-314-8767 (24 hours, NOVA Chemicals

Emergency Response). Burns should be treated as thermal burns. Molten resin will come off as healing occurs; therefore, immediate removal from the skin is not necessary. Treatment should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. No adverse effects due

to ingestion are expected.

5. Fire-fighting measures

General Fire Hazards: Solid resins support combustion but do not meet combustible definition.

Product will burn at high temperatures but is not considered flammable. Under fire conditions, product will readily burn and emit irritating smoke.

Powdered material may form explosive dust-air mixtures.

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Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media:

Water fog or water spray. Small fires: Dry chemical, carbon dioxide (CO2)

or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Avoid water in straight hose stream; will scatter and spread fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical:

Upon heating, polyethylene may emit various oligomers, waxes and oxygenated hydrocarbons as well as carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and small amounts of other organic vapors (e.g. aldehydes, acrolein). Inhalation of these decomposition products may be hazardous. Powdered material may form explosive dust-air mixtures. Risk of dust-air explosion is increased if flammable vapors are also present. Static discharge: material can accumulate static charges which may cause an incendiary electrical discharge.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Special fire-fighting procedures:

Keep upwind. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned holders or monitor nozzles. Apply extinguishing media carefully to avoid creating airborne dust. Water may be used to flood the area. Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel. Avoid inhaling any smoke and combustion materials. Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers, or drinking water supply.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:

Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions. protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Isolate area. Alert stand-by emergency and fire-fighting personnel. Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration.

Environmental Precautions:

Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources. Stop leak if safe to do so. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Spilled product may create a dangerous slipping hazard. Use appropriate tools to put the spilled solid in an appropriate disposal or recovery container. Recover and reclaim or recycle, if practical. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling:

Keep away from uncontrolled heat and incompatible materials. Ground all material handling and transfer equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Prevent dust accumulation to minimize explosion hazard. For additional information on control of static and minimizing potential dust and fire hazards, refer to NFPA-654, "Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids, 2013 Edition". Use in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear eye protection/protective gloves as

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needed/wear full face-shield during thermal processing if contact with molten material is possible/wear respirator if dusty. Spilled product may create a dangerous slipping hazard.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Storage area should be clearly identified, well-illuminated and clear of obstruction. Store in closed, grounded and properly designed vessels. Keep away from uncontrolled heat and incompatible materials. Protect from sunlight. Outdoor storage of product in bags requires protection from ultra-violet sunlight by use of a UV stabilized bag or alternate means. Avoid accumulation of dust by frequent cleaning and suitable construction of storage and handling areas. Keep shovels and vacuum systems readily available for cleanup of loose material. DO NOT enter filled bulk containers and attempt to walk over product, due to risk of slipping and possible suffocation. Use a fall arrest system when working near open bulk containers.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control Parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

During dusty conditions ACGIH recommends for Particles (insoluble or poorly soluble) not otherwise specified a TWA of 10 mg/m3 (inhalable particles), 3 mg/m3 TWA (respirable particles).

Argentina: 10 mg/m3 (TWA) (Inhalable fraction.); 3 mg/m3 (TWA) (Respirable fraction.); Particulates Not Otherwise Specified

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Engineering methods to reduce hazardous exposure are preferred controls. Methods include mechanical ventilation (dilution and local exhaust) process or personal enclosure, remote and automated operation, control of process conditions, leak detection and repair systems, and other process modifications. Ensure all exhaust ventilation systems are discharged to outdoors, away from air intakes and ignition sources. Supply sufficient replacement air to make up for air removed by exhaust systems. Administrative (procedure) controls and use of personal protective equipment may also be required. It is recommended that all dust control equipment such as local exhaust ventilation and material transport systems involved in handling of this product contain explosion relief vents or an explosion suppression system or an oxygen-deficient environment. Use only appropriately classified electrical equipment and powered industrial trucks.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General information: Personal protective equipment (PPE) should not be considered a long-term

solution to exposure control. Employer programs to properly select, fit, maintain and train employees to use equipment must accompany PPE. Consult a competent industrial hygiene resource, the PPE manufacturer's recommendation, and/or applicable regulations to determine hazard

potential and ensure adequate protection.

Eye/face protection: Safety glasses. Wear a face shield when working with molten material.

Skin Protection

Hand Protection: Wear gloves to protect against thermal burns.

Skin and Body Protection:Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of skin contact. Wear work clothes with long sleeves and pants. Safety footwear with good traction is recommended to help prevent slipping. Static Dissipative (SD)

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rated footwear is also recommended.

Respiratory Protection: Appropriate NIOSH approved air-purifying respirator or self-contained

breathing apparatus should be used. Air supplied breathing apparatus must be used when oxygen concentrations are low or if airborne concentrations

exceed the limits of the air-purifying respirators.

Hygiene measures: Use effective control measures and PPE to maintain worker exposure to

concentrations that are below these limits. Ensure that eyewash stations

and safety showers are in close proximity to work locations.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state: solid

Form: Pellets or Granular powder

Color: white / colorless / translucent

Odor: Minimal, Mild
Odor Threshold: No data available.

Melting point/freezing point: 105 - 135 °C (221 - 275 °F) (Melting Point) 85 - 127 °C

(185 - 261 °F) (Softening point)

Initial boiling point and boiling range: not applicable

Flammability: May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Upper/lower limit on flammability or explosive limits

Flammability Limit - Upper (%): not applicable
Flammability Limit - Lower (%): not applicable
Flash Point: not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature: 330 - 410 °C (626 - 770 °F)

Decomposition temperature: > 300 °C (> 572 °F)

pH: not applicable

Viscosity

Kinematic viscosity: not applicable

Solubility(ies)

Solubility in water: Insoluble in water. Solubility (other): No data available. Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): not applicable Vapor pressure: not applicable Relative density: 0.905 - 0.965905 - 965 kg/m3 Density: Relative vapor density: not applicable Vapor density: not applicable

Particle characteristics

Particle Size: 0.1 - 5 MM

Other information

Evaporation Rate: not applicable

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: Contact with incompatible materials. Sources of ignition. Exposure to heat.

Chemical Stability: Material is stable under normal conditions.

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Possibility of hazardous

Hazardous polymerization not likely to occur.

Conditions to avoid: Avoid exposing to heat and contact with strong oxidizing substances. Avoid

processing material over 300 °C (572 °F).

Strong oxidizing agents. Organic solvents, ether, gasoline, lubricating oils, **Incompatible Materials:**

> chlorinated hydrocarbons and aromatic hydrocarbons may react with and degrade polyethylene. Powdered material may form explosive dust-air mixtures. Risk of dust-air explosion is increased if flammable vapors are

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also present.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products:

Upon decomposition, polyethylene may emit various oligomers, waxes and oxygenated hydrocarbons as well as carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and small amounts of other organic vapors (e.g. aldehydes, acrolein). Inhalation

of these decomposition products may be hazardous.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation: During processing, thermal fumes and inhalation of fine particles may

cause respiratory irritation.

Ingestion: Ingestion of this product is not a likely route of exposure.

Skin Contact: During processing, contact with powder or fines may cause mechanical

irritation. Molten material will produce thermal burns.

Eve contact: During processing, contact with powder or fines may cause mechanical

irritation. Molten material will produce thermal burns.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation: Respiratory irritation.

Ingestion: No adverse effects due to ingestion are expected.

Skin Contact: Mechanical irritation. Thermal burns. Negligible irritation of the skin based

on chemical structure (polymer).

Eye contact: Mechanical irritation. Thermal burns. May cause mild, short-lasting

discomfort to eyes.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (list all possible routes of exposure)

Oral

Product: LD 50: > 5,000 mg/kg (estimated)

Dermal

Product: Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data.

Inhalation

Product: Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data.

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Repeated dose toxicity

Product: No data available.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Product: No data available.

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Product: No data available.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

Product: No data available.

Carcinogenicity

Product: Not classified

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans:

No carcinogenic components identified

Argentina. OELs. Law 19587 (Establishing the Conditions for Health and Safety in the Workplace) and Decree 351/79 Article 61, Annex III, as amended:

No carcinogenic components identified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

In vitro

Product: There are no known or reported genetic effects.

In vivo

Product: There are no known or reported genetic effects.

Reproductive toxicity

Product: There are no known or reported reproductive effects.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

Product: No data available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

Product: No data available.

Aspiration Hazard

Product: Not classified.

Other effects: No data available.

12. Ecological information

General information: NOVAPOL® resins are expected to be inert in the environment. They float

on water and are not biodegradable. They are not expected to

bioconcentrate (accumulate in the food chain) due to their high molecular weight. NOVAPOL® pellets are not expected to be toxic if ingested but may

represent a choking hazard if ingested by waterfowl or aquatic life.

Ecotoxicity:

Acute hazards to the aquatic environment:

Fish

Product: LC 50 (96 h): > 100 mg/l

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Aquatic Invertebrates

Product: EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

Product: EC 50 (72 h): > 100 mg/l

Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment:

Fish

Product: NOEC : > 100 mg/l

Aquatic Invertebrates

Product: NOEC : > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

Product: NOEC : > 100 mg/l

Persistence and Degradability

Biodegradation

Product: Not readily degradable. Under optimal oxidation conditions, >99% of

polyethylene will remain intact after exposure to microbial actions. Product will slowly change (embrittle) in the presence of sunlight, but will not fully breakdown. Product buried in landfill has been found to be stable over time.

No toxic degradation products are known to be produced.

BOD/COD Ratio

Product: No data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioconcentration Factor (BCF)

Product: Pellets may accumulate in the digestive systems of birds and aquatic life,

causing injury and possible death due to starvation.

Partition Coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Product: not applicable

Mobility in soil: Biologically persistent. This product has not been found to migrate through

soils.

Other adverse effects: Pellets are persistent in aquatic and terrestrial systems.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions: Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal

facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal. Preferred disposal methods for polyethylene in order of preference are: 1) clean and reuse if possible, 2) recover and resell through plastic recyclers or resin brokers, 3) incinerate with waste heat recovery and 4) landfill. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO DISPOSE OF BY UNCONTROLLED INCINERATION. Open burning of plastics at

landfills should not be undertaken.

Contaminated Packaging: Check regional, national and local environmental regulations prior to

disposal.

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14. Transport information

ADR

Not regulated.

IATA

Not regulated.

IMDG

Not regulated.

15. Regulatory information

Federal regulations

Argentina. Chemical Precursors. Decree 593/2019, Annex 2, Lists I, II, III

List I

Not Regulated

List II

Not Regulated

List III

Not Regulated

Argentina. CWC. Law 26.247 Implementation of the Convention on prohibition of development, production methods, stockpiling and use of chemical weapons and on their destruction None present or none present in regulated quantities.

Argentina. Export Control Chemical Substances:

Not Regulated

Argentina. Prohibited Chemical Substances:

Not Regulated

Argentina. Restricted Chemical Substances:

Not Regulated

Inventory Status

Canada DSL Inventory List:

On or in compliance with the inventory

US TSCA Inventory: On or in compliance with the inventory

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue Date: 02.12.2021

Revision Information: 02.12.2021: SDS Update

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Abbreviations and acronyms: ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; BOD = Biochemical

Oxygen Demand; CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service; CERCLA = Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CFR = Code of Federal Regulations; DOT = Department of Transportation; EPA = Environmental Protection Agency; FDA = Food and Drug Administration; GHS = Globally Harmonized System for the Classification and Labelling of Chemicals; IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA = International Air Transport Association ICAO = International Civil Aviation Organization; IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods; Kow = Octanol/water partition coefficient; LD50 = Lethal Dose 50%; NJTSR = New Jersey Trade Secret Registry; NTP = National Toxicology Program; OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration; PPE = Personal Protective Equipment; RCRA =

Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; SARA = Superfund Amendments and

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Reauthorization Act; SCBA = Self Contained Breathing Apparatus; SDS = Safety Data Sheet; SEPA = State Environmental Protection Administration; TSCA = Toxic Substances Control Act; TWA = Time Weighted Average

Further Information:

Exposure to the Hazardous Combustion and Decomposition Products as described in the SDS, Sections 5 and 10, may be linked with various acute and chronic health effects. These effects include irritation of eyes and upper respiratory tract primarily from the aldehydes, breathing difficulties, systemic toxicity such as liver, kidney, and central nervous system effects.

NOVA Chemicals has monitored worker exposures to emissions during commercial-scale processing of polyethylene. Concentrations of hazardous decomposition products were determined to be well below established exposure limits in the workplace. "Quantitation of Employee Exposure to Emission Products Generated By Commercial-Scale Processing of Polyethylene" is available in the Am. Ind. Hyg. Assoc. J. 56:809-814 (1995) and "Quantification of Emission Compounds Generated During Commercial-Scale Processing of Advanced SCLAIRTECH™ Polyethylene" is available in the Journal of Plastic Film & Sheeting Volume 26 Issue 2, April 2010.

For information on ventilation considerations for the control of volatile air contaminants from polyethylene, please request a copy of NOVA Chemicals' publication, "Ventilation Guidelines for Heat-Processing Polyethylene Resins".

For additional information on unloading hopper cars containing plastic resins, refer to NOVA Chemicals' publication, "Hopper Car Unloading Guide".

For information on processing properties, selection of NOVAPOL resin grades, refer to the NOVAPOL Product Data Sheets available on our web site, under Products & Applications: http://www.novachemicals.com.

For additional information on preventing pellet loss, refer to published plastic industry publications and resources under 'Operation Clean Sweep'; now downloadable from the web at http://www.opcleansweep.org/.

Polyethylene fines and dust particles are listed as a Class I combustible dust by the National Fire Protection Association (see NFPA-68, Table F.1 (e)). For additional information on control of static and minimizing potential dust and fire hazards, refer to NFPA-654, "Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids, 2013 Edition".

Explosivity testing was done on one NOVAPOL® LLDPE, one LDPE and one HDPE resins with Pmax = 4.8-5.7 bar, Kst = 12-17 (bar m/s) and Minimum Ignition Energy (MIE) = 1000-10,000; dust explosion class = St 1; this data was obtained for polyethylene with a final particle size of 100% < 250 um and moisture content between 0 and 0.2%. Similar results are expected for the remaining NOVAPOL® polyethylene resin grades.

For NOVAPOL resin grade specific information including food contact compliance statements, please contact your sales representative or refer to NOVA Chemicals' polyethylene Product Data Sheets.

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